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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/362,693	07/29/1999	RANDELL L. MILLS	62-226-9A	7170
20736 7590 12/12/2007 MANELLI DENISON & SELTER 2000 M STREET NW SUITE 700			EXAMINER	
			KALAFUT, STEPHEN J	
WASHINGTON, DC 20036-3307			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1795	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/12/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

· •		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/362,693	MILLS, RANDELL L.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Stephen J. Kalafut	1795			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any earn	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAIS nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
·	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>30 O</u>					
/	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
		.x parte Quayle, 1955 C.D. 11, 40	00 O.G. 210.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 102-206 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 102-206 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•			
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachmer	• •	. □	(DTO 442)			
2) Notice Notice 3) Information	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date 30 Oct 2007.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate			

Application/Control Number:

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A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 30 October 2007 has been entered.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 102-206, for reasons of record previously applied to claims 102-205, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention lacks patentable utility. See paper no. 3, pages 6-8.

Claims 102-206, for reasons of record previously applied to claims 102-205, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. See paper no. 3, pages 8-13.

Applicant's arguments filed 30 October 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding applicant's argument that the microwave-field Balmer line broadening in the Luque *et al.* paper being allegedly six orders of magnitude too low too account for that reported by applicant, see the Appendix to paper no. 20061129, pages 14-15.

Applicant argues that the arguments by the "Committee" concerning the difference in profile shapes in figures 4a, 4b and 4c of Cvetanovic *et al.* are without merit. Applicant states that he as computer-fit the data himself, which fits a Gaussian profile corresponding to Doppler broadening. This is not persuasive because the difference in profile shape is apparent to the naked eye, and needs no computer fitting. Also see the Appendix to paper no. 20061129, pages 9-12.

Applicant repeats his argument that Lieb disproves Krieg. Lieb does not reject the Heisenberg uncertainty principle entirely, but instead differs with an argument that is often based thereon. See page 555, left column, first two paragraphs. He states that "Eq. (4)" (which is on page 554), from the Heisenberg uncertainty principle, is correct, but "it is a pale reflection of the power of the operator  $-\Delta$  to prevent collapse" (page 555, left column 4<sup>th</sup> paragraph). Lieb then offers the Sobolev inequality as a "better uncertainty principle". Nowhere, however, does Lieb ever allow for hydrogen atoms going below the conventionally known "ground state".

Applicant argues that one skilled in the art need only compare the equations in his theory with those of Rathke's paper to determine if the sign of the classical wave equation is correctly presented. It is initially pointed out that while a previous action may have implied that Rathke's paper was unavailable, it was actually the articles cited by Rathke that were not available, rather than Rathke's paper itself. Any confusion on this matter is regretted. However, one of the articles by applicant, from *Int. J. Hydrogen Energy*, "The grand unification theory of classical

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quantum mechanics", has become available due to being included in the IDS of 30 October 2007, thus allowing a comparison to be made. In both Rathke and applicant's article, the sign between the first character, an upside-down Greek upper case delta ( $\Delta$ ), and the expression  $1/v^2$   $\delta^2/\delta t^2$ , in the classical wave equation, is minus. Now applicant the sign in Rathkes's equation (9) has been changed, such a change amounting to fraud. It is noted that the plus sign between  $1/r^2$  and  $1/v^2$   $\delta^2/\delta t^2$  also occurs in equation (8), which is derived by using a "separation ansatz", which is equation (7). There is no equation in Applicant's article that corresponds to Rathke's equation (9), and thus no basis for determining any alleged fraud.

Likewise, Barth mentions the classical wave equation, but does not reproduce the equation in his article. This equation does not include any term for the coulomb force between the electron and the atomic nucleus to which it is bound.

Applicant argues that the "Committee's" argument regarding "q = 9 when p = 3" is not correct, since in the transition step 54.4 eV is transferred to the catalyst and the other 54.4 eV is emitted as a photon. Applicant appears to misunderstand the "Committee's" argument. From applicant's own formula, values of q are calculated from  $p^2$ . The square of 3 is 9, thus giving the value of q. This is not the calculation of a transition, but of the energy level of a particular value of p. Regarding the "hypothetical change of energy of q = 5" occurring when "p changes from 2 to 3", this is  $3^2 - 2^2$  equaling 9 - 4, which gives 5. Even assuming that part of the energy is transferred to a catalyst, the overall change is q = 5.

Applicant's newly submitted attachments 115 and 116 would fall into category (5), as set out in paper no. 20040516, because they speculate hydrino formation as an explanation for data not necessarily caused thereby.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen J. Kalafut whose telephone number is 571-272-1286. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 8:00 am-4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick J. Ryan can be reached on 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

sik

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